

# **COMPONENTS**

Kit Component	Amount
96-well plate precoated with anti-rat ICAM-1 antibody	1 Plate
Protein Standard: Lyophilized recombinant rat ICAM-1	2 tubes, 10 ng/tube
Sample Diluent Buffer	30 ml
Biotinylated Antibody (Anti-rat ICAM-1)	130 µl (100x)
Antibody Diluent Buffer	12ml
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) Solution	130 µl (100x)
ABC Diluent Buffer	12 ml
Tetramethyllbenzidine (TMB) Color Developing Agent	10 ml
TMB Stop Solution	10 ml

# Washing Buffer (not provided): TBS or PBS

0.01M TBS: Add 1.2g Tris, 8.5g NaCl; 450µl of purified acetic acid or 700µl of concentrated hydrochloric acid to 900ml H<sub>2</sub>O and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Adjust the total volume to 1L.

0.01M PBS: Add 8.5g sodium chloride, 1.4g Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> and 0.2g NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> to 900ml distilled H<sub>2</sub>O and adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Adjust the total volume to 1L.

# Storage

Store at 4°C. Cell Applications, Inc. recommends using the kit within 6 months of order.

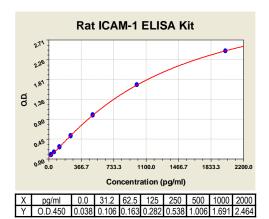


Figure 1: ICAM-1 Standard Curve. Using the rat ICAM-1 ELISA Kit, O.D. data was graphed against ICAM-1 protein concentration. The TMB reaction was incubated at 37°C for 18 min.

#### **BACKGROUND**

ICAM-1(intercellular adhesion molecule-1) is a transmembrane glycoprotein of 532 amino acids, which has a molecular mass ranging from 90 to 110 kDa. ICAM-1 is a member of the immunoglobulin supergenge family, and contains five extracellular immunoglobulin-like domains. It is expressed on various cells of both hematopoietic and non-hematopoietic cells, including endothelial cells, leukocytes other than basophilic granulocytes, T cells, B cells, fibroblasts, and cancer cells. As a member of adhesion molecules, ICAM-1 binds to two integrins belonging to the beta2 subfamily CD11a/CD18 (LFA-1) and CD11b/CD18 (Mac-1) on the surface of leukocytes. ICAM1 is a key molecule in immune-mediated and inflammatory processes and function as a costimulatory signal which is important for the trans-endothelial migration of leukocytes and the activation of T cells.1 During leukocyte trans-endothelial migration, ICAM1 engagement promotes the assembly of endothelial apical cups through SGEF and RHOG activation. Moreover, ICAM-1 has a crucial role in the induction of an immune response and is instrumental in migration of T cells into inflamed tissue. ICAM-1 on target cells leads to recruitment of the MHC-I proteins to the contact area and enhances presentation of cognate peptide MHC-I complex to cytotoxic T cells. ICAM-1 interacts with important factors involved in many kinds of human cancers. ICAM-1 is involved in transmembrane signal transduction in the regulatory process of cell proliferation through the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) pathway and eventually the AP-1 pathway.<sup>2</sup> ICAM-1 can be induced under inflammatory condition by TNF-alpha in a process that involves IKK-beta.

In addition, inhibition of ICAM-1 expression on melanoma cells reduces the metastatic ability of the melanoma cells, indicating an important role of ICAM-1 in metastasis.3 The existence of a soluble variant of ICAM-1 in the circulation has been described, with elevated levels being reported in several diseases; higher levels being associated with liver metastases in gastric, colonic, gall bladder and pancreatic cancer, and with reduced survival in patients with malignant melanoma. In case of rhinovirus infection, ICAM-1 acts as a cellular receptor for the virus.4

# References

- Van Seventer, G.A. et al: J. Immunol. 144:4579-86, 1990 Chen, C.C. et al: Cell Signal. 13:543-53, 2001 Miele, M.E. et al: Exp. Cell Res. 214:231-41, 1994 Greve, J.M. et al: Cell 56:839-47, 1989
- 3.

# **ELISA OVERVIEW**

Cell Applications ELISA Kits are based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay technology. Freshly prepared standards, samples, and solutions are recommended for best results.

- Prepare test samples.
- Prepare a protein standard of the target protein.
- Add test samples and standards to the pre-coated 96-well plate. Do not
- Add biotinylated detection antibodies. Wash.
- 5. Add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) Solution. Wash.
- Add Tetramethyllbenzidine (TMB) Color Developing Agent, containing HRP substrate.
- Add TMB Stop Solution 7
- Subject the plate to analysis.

# NOTES:

- Before using the kit, quick spin tubes to bring down all solution to the bottom of tube.
- Duplicate assay wells are recommended for both standard and sample testing.
- Do not let the 96-well plate dry, this will lead to inactivation of plate components.
- When diluting samples and reagents, ensure that they are mixed completely and evenly.
- Pre-warm diluted ABC and TMB solutions at 37°C for 30 min before use to avoid variable temperature effects.
- For washes, use TBS or PBS. Do not touch well walls.
- A protein standard is included in the kit. A protein standard detection curve should be generated with each experiment, no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.
- The user will determine sample dilution fold by estimation of target protein amount in samples.

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# Rat ICAM-1 ELISA Kit Cat. No. CL0372

Cat. No. CL0372 96-wells Target Protein Species: Range Specificity

Rat 31.2pg/ml - 2000pg/ml No detectable cross-reactivity with any other cytokine

# **PROTOCOL**

# I. Plate Washing

Discard the solution in the plate without touching the side walls. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Soak each well with at least 0.3 ml PBS or TBS buffer for 1~2 minutes. Repeat this process two additional times for a total of three washes.

# **II. Preparation of Test Samples**

# **Test Sample Processing**

- Cell culture supernate, tissue lysate or body fluids: Remove particulates by centrifugation.
- Serum: Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 2 hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 X g for 10 min.
- Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin, EDTA, citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at 1500 x g within 30 min of collection. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

#### **Sample Dilution Guideline**

Estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and select a proper dilution factor such that the diluted target protein concentration falls within the standard curve range. Depending on the sample, several trial dilutions may be necessary. Dilute the sample using the provided diluent buffer, mixing well. Suggested working dilutions of samples are as follows:

Target Protein	Sample	Sample	Diluent
Concentration Range	Working Dilution	Vol.	Buffer Vol.
20-200 ng/ml	1:100	1 µl	99 µl
2-20 ng/ml	1:10	10 µl	90 µl
31.2-2000 pg/ml	1:2	50 µl	50 µl
≤31.2 pg/ml	n/a	100µl	n/a

If samples will be assayed within 24 hours, store at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

# III. Preparation of Reagents

# Reconstitution of the Standard

The standard solutions should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment. Two tubes of the standard are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.

- 10,000pg/ml of rat ICAM-1 standard solution: Add 1 ml sample diluent buffer into one tube, keep the tube at room temperature for 10 min and mix thoroughly.
- 2000pg/ml of rat ICAM-1 standard solution: Add 0.2 ml of the above 10ng/ml ICAM-1 standard solution into 0.8 ml sample diluent buffer and mix thoroughly.
- 1000pg/ml→31.2pg/ml of rat ICAM-1 standard solutions: Label 6
  Eppendorf tubes with 1000pg/ml, 500pg/ml, 250pg/ml, 125pg/ml,
  62.5pg/ml, 31.2pg/ml, respectively. Aliquot 0.3 ml of the sample diluent
  buffer into each tube. Add 0.3 ml of the above 2000pg/ml ICAM-1
  standard solution into 1st tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 1st tube to
  2nd tube and mix. Transfer 0.3 ml from 2nd tube to 3rd tube and mix,
  and so on.

# **Preparation of Biotinylated Antibody Working Solution**

The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.

- The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume)
- 2. Biotinylated antibody should be diluted in 1:100 with the antibody diluent buffer and mixed thoroughly.

# Preparation of the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) Working Solution

The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.

- 1. The total volume should be: 0.1ml/well x (the number of wells). (Allowing 0.1-0.2 ml more than total volume)
- Avidin- Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC) should be diluted in 1:100 with the ABC dilution buffer and mixed thoroughly.

#### IV. ELISA

The ABC working solution and TMB color developing agent must be kept warm at 37°C for 30 min before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. A standard detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of target protein amount in samples.

- Aliquot 0.1ml per well of the 2000pg/ml, 1000pg/ml, 500pg/ml, 250pg/ml, 125pg/ml, 62.5pg/ml, 31.2pg/ml rat ICAM-1 standard solutions into the precoated 96-well plate. Add 0.1ml of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Blank well). Add 0.1ml of each properly diluted sample of rat sera, plasma, body fluids, tissue lysates or cell culture supernatants to each empty well. See "Sample Dilution Guideline" for details. We recommend that each rat ICAM-1 standard solution and each sample is measured in duplicate.
- 2. Seal the plate with the cover and incubate at 37°C for 90 min.
- Remove the cover, discard plate content, and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Do NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
- 4. Add 0.1ml of biotinylated anti-rat ICAM-1 antibody working solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 60 min.
- Wash the plate three times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.
- Add 0.1ml of prepared ABC working solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 min.
- Wash plate 5 times with 0.01M TBS or 0.01M PBS, and each time let washing buffer stay in the wells for 1-2 min. Discard the washing buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.
- Add 90 µl of prepared TMB color developing agent into each well and incubate plate at 37°C for 12-16 min (shades of blue can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated rat ICAM-1 standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).
- Add 0.1ml of prepared TMB stop solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.
- Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a microplate reader within 30 min after adding the stop solution.

# V. Calculating Protein Concentration

- For all wells, determine O.D.450(Relative):
   O.D.450(Relative) = O.D.450(Reading) O.D.450(Blank)
- · Plot the standard curve:

Plot O.D.450(Relative) of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). See **Figure 1** for a typical standard curve.

 The target protein concentration in samples can be interpolated from the standard curve. Multiply the interpolated concentration by the dilution factor to obtain the target protein concentration in the sample.

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